CLASSIC BLEACH MULTI-PURPOSE

Safety Data Sheet

6.0% Sodium Hypochlorite

Emergency 24 Hour Telephone:

CHEMTREC 800.424.9300

Corporate Headquarters:

Hasa Inc.

P.O. Box 802736

Santa Clarita, CA 91355 Telephone • 661.259.5848 Fax • 661.259.1538

			IDENTIFICATION
1.1	Product Identification:		
	1.1.1	Product Name:	CLASSIC BLEACH MULTI-PURPOSE
	1.1.2	CAS # (Chemical Abstracts Service):	7681-52-9
	1.1.3	RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances):	NH3486300
	1.1.4	EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances):	231-668-3
	1.1.5		231-668-3
	1.1.6	Synonym:	Bleach, Hypo, Hypochlorite, Liquid Chlorine Solution
	1.1.7		Sodium Hypochlorite
	1.1.8	Chemical Formula:	NaOCI
		mmended Uses:	It can be used to sanitize, disinfect, brighten, whiten, and clean.
1.3	Comp	pany identification:	Hasa Inc. P. O. Box 802736
			Santa Clarita, CA 91355
1.4	Emer	gency Telephone Number:	CHEMTREC
			1-800-424-9300
1.5	Non-E	Emergency Assistance:	(24 hour Emergency Telephone) 661-259-5848 (8 AM – 5 PM PST / PDT)

SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

HEALTH HAZARD

Skin corrosion / irritation:

Category 1

Serious Eye damage / Eye

Category 1

Irritation

Specific target organ toxicity,

Category 3 (respiratory tract

single exposure **ENVIRONMENTAL**

HAZARD

Hazardous to the aquatic

irritation)

environment, acute hazard

Category 1

Corrosive to metals.

Category 1

PHYSICAL HAZARD SYMBOLS







SIGNAL WORD HAZARD **STATEMENT PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENT**

May be corrosive to metals. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. Very toxic to aquatic life.

Prevention

DANGER

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Use only outdoors or in a wellventilated area. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep only in original container. Avoid release to the environment.

Response

If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Collect spillage.

Storage and Disposal

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Store in corrosive resistant container.

Dispose of container/contents in accordance with local, regional, national, international regulations as specified.

	SECTION 3: CON	IPOSITION INFORM	ATION ON INGRE	DIENTS
	Ingredient	Synonyms	CAS No.	Weight %
3.1	Sodium Hypochlorite	Bleach	7681-52-9	6.0%
3.2	Sodium Hydroxide	Caustic Soda	1310-73-2	0.1%

		SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES
4.1	IF IN EYES	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
4.2	IF ON SKIN OR	 Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
4.2	CLOTHING	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
4.3	IF INHALED	 Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Move person to fresh air.
		 If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.
4.4	IF SWALLOWED	 Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or
		doctor.
		 Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-424-9300 for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

	SECTION 5: FIRE	FIGHTING MEASURES
5.1	Flash Point:	Not applicable.
5.2		Nonflammable and noncombustible.
5.3	Auto-Ignition Temperature:	Not applicable.
5.4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Not pertinent.
5.5 5.6 5.7	Fire Hazards: Explosion Hazards: Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:	May decompose, generating irritating chlorine gas. Not explosive.
J. /		
	5.7.1 Extinguishing Media:	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide.
	5.7.2 Small Fires:	Use carbon dioxide, or water spray.
	5.7.3 Large Fires:	Use flooding quantities of water as fog.
5.8	Special Remarks on Fire Hazards:	Do not use Mono Ammonium Phosphate (MAP) fire extinguishers. Such use may cause explosion with release of toxic gases.

	SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES			
6.1	Small Spill:	Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface		
		thoroughly to remove residual contamination.		
6.2	Large Spill:	Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material,		
		where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place		
		into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.		
		Never return spills in original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see		
		Section 13 of the SDS.		
6.3	Personal	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate personal protective		
	Precautions,	equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless		
	Protective	wearing appropriate protective clothing.		
	Equipment &	Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Local authorities should be		
	Emergency advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal			
	Procedures: protection, see Section 8 of the SDS.			
6.4	Environmental	Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.		
	Precautions:	Environmental manager must be informed of all major releases.		

		SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE
7.1	Handling:	Avoid contact with skin or eyes.
		Do not ingest.
		 Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist.
		 Wear protective equipment if necessary.
		 Mix only with water in accordance with label directions.
		 Mixing this product with ammonia, acids, detergents, etc or with organic materials, e.g. feces, urine, etc. will release chlorine gas, which is irritating to eyes, lungs, and mucous membranes.
7.2	Hygiene Measures:	 Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
		 While handling this product, avoid eating, drinking or smoking.
7.3	Storage:	Do not freeze.
		Store in a cool, shaded outdoor area.
		 Inside storage should be in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.
		 To maintain hypochlorite strength, do not store in direct or heated indoor areas.
		Keep in original vented container.
		 Keep container closed when not in use.
		 Do not store adjacent to chemicals that may react if spillage occurs.
		 If closed containers become heated, vent to release decomposition products (mainly oxygen under normal decomposition).

	SE	CTION 8: EXPOSURE CO	NTROLS / PERSONAL PR	OTECTION
8.1	Engin	eering Controls:	Local exhaust ventilation to STEL (Short Term Exposure chlorine.	
8.2	Perso	nal Protection:		
	8.2.1	Eye / Face Protection:	Wear safety glasses, goggle prevent eye contact.	es or face shield to
	8.2.2	Skin Protection:	Wear appropriate chemical releases clothing and chemical resists skin contact. Butyl rubber, N Gloves should be worn when material. Wear chemical res a rubber apron when splash immediately if skin is contaminated clothing promineuse. Clean protective equi	ant gloves to prevent leoprene, or Nitrile in handling this istant clothing such as ing may occur. Rinse ininated. Remove ptly and wash before
	8.2.3	Respiratory Protection:	Avoid breathing vapor or mis exposure limits are exceede NIOSH approved respiratory appropriate to the material a Full facepiece equipment is used, replaces need for face goggles. For emergency and where exposure limit may be exceeded, use an approved pressure, self-contained bre	st. When airborne and (see below), use by protection equipment and/or its components. recommended and, if a shield and chemical dother conditions a significantly full face positive-eathing apparatus.
	8.2.4	Other Safety Equipment:	Eye wash facility and emerg be in close proximity.	jency shower should
8.3	Expo	sure Limits:	Sodium Hypochlorite	Chlorine*
	8.3.1	AIHA (American Industrial Hygiene Association) / WEEL (Workplace Environmental Exposure Level guides) 2010	2 mg/m³: 15 minute. (Short-term time weighted average)	Not established
	8.3.2	ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists TWA (Time Weighted Average)	Not established.	0.5 ppm
	8.3.3	ACGIH STEL (Short Term Expos Limit)	ure Not established.	1 ppm
	8.3.4	OSHA PEL (Permisible Exposure Limit)	Not established.	0.5 ppm
	8.3.5	ACGIH Ceiling	Not established.	Not established
	8.3.6	NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health) IDL (Immediate Danger to Life & Health		10 ppm
	8.3.7	OSHA STEL (Short Term Exposu Limit)	Not established.	1 ppm as Cl ₂
	8.3.8	NIOSH (15 min. ceiling)	Not established.	0.5 ppm
	* Chlo		a decomposition product, but may	be present in
	incide	ents of accidental mixing with other	er chemicals.	

	SECTION 9: PHYSICA	L AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
9.1	Appearance:	Greenish yellow liquid.
9.2	Odor:	Pungent.
9.3	Odor Threshold:	0.9 mg/m ³ .
9.4	pH:	10.4 - 10.6 (1% solution)
9.5	Melting Point:	Not pertinent.
9.6	Freezing point:	-7.5℃ (-18℉)
9.7	Boiling Point & Boiling Range:	Decomposes @ 110 °C (230 °F)
9.8	Flash Point:	No information available.
9.9	Evaporation Rate:	No information available.
9.10	Flammability (solid, gas):	Not flammable.
9.11	Upper / Lower Flammability or	No information available.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Explosive Limits:	
9.12	•	12.1 mm Hg @ 20°C (68°F)
	Vapor Density:	Not available.
9.14		1.08 g/mL or 9 lb/gallon @ 20 °C (68 °F)
	Gravity):	
9.15	Solubility in Water:	Mixes infinitely with water.
9.16	Partition Coefficient: (n-octanol /	No information available.
	water):	
9.17	Auto-ignition Temperature:	No information available.
9.18	Decomposition Temperature:	Decomposes @ 110°C (230°F)
9.19		74.5 g/mole
9.20	Viscosity:	No information available.

	SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY		
10.1	Stability:	Stable under normal conditions of storage, handling, and use.	
10.2	Instability / Decomposition Temperature:	All bleach decomposition is dependant on temperature. For any given temperature, the higher the strength, the faster it decomposes. In summary, for every 10°C increase in storage temperature, the sodium hypochlorite will decompose at an increased rate factor of approximately 3.5.	
10.3	Conditions of Instability:	High heat, ultraviolet light.	
10.4	Incompatibility with Various Substances:	Oxidizing agents, acids, nitrogen containing organics, metals, iron, copper, nickel, cobalt, organic materials, and ammonia.	
10.5	Corrosivity:	Corrosive to metals.	
10.6	Special Remarks on	Rate of decomposition increases with heat.	
	Reactivity:	May develop chlorine if mixed with acidic solutions.	
10.7	Special Remarks on Corrosivity:	None.	
10.8	Hazardous Polymerization:	Will not occur.	

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Routes of Entry: Eyes, skin, ingestion, dermal absorption.

11.2 Acute Toxicity:

11.2.1 Oral Toxicity (LD50):

3-5 g/kg (rat) >2 g/kg (rabbit)

11.2.2 Dermai Toxicity (LD₅₀): 11.2.3 Primary Eye Irritation:

Corrosive

11.2.4 Primary Skin Irritation:

Corrosive

11.2.5 Inhalation Toxicity (LC₅₀):

No data available.

11.3 Chronic Effects (Human Risk

Assessment):

Based on the toxicity profile and exposure scenarios for sodium hypochlorite, EPA concludes that the risks from chronic and subchronic exposure to low levels of these pesticides are minimal and without consequence to

human health.

11.4 Tolerance Requirement:

Exempt (EPA document "Index to Pesticide Chemical Names, Part 180 Tolerance Information, and Food and

Feed Commodities (by Commodity)" July 2010

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Sodium hypochlorite is low in toxicity to avian wildlife, but it is highly toxic to 12.1 **Ecotoxicity:** freshwater fish and invertebrates.

12.1.1 Freshwater

Fish

Atlantic Herring (clupea harengus)

 $LC_{50} = 0.033 - 0.097 \text{ mg/l/96 hr}$, flow through bioassay (pH: 8)

Shiner Perch (cymatogaster aggregata) Toxicity:

 $LC_{50} = 0.045 - 0.098 \text{ mg/l/96 hr}$, flow through bioassay (pH: 8)

Three Spine Stickleback (gasterosteus aculeatus)

 $LC_{50} = 0.141 - 0.193 \text{ mg/l/96 hr}$, flow through bioassay (pH: 8)

Pink Salmon (oncorhynchus gorbuscha)

LC₅₀ = 0.023 - 0.052 mg/l/96 hr, flow through bioassay (pH: 8)

Coho Salmon (oncorhynchus kisutch)

LC₅₀ = 0.026 - 0.038 mg/l/96 hr, flow through bioassay (pH: 8)

English Sole (parophrys vetulus)

LC₅₀ = 0.044 - 0.144 mg/l/96 hr, flow through bioassay (pH: 8)

Fat Head Minnow (pimephales promelas)

LC50 = 0.22 - 0.62 mg/l/96 hr, flow through bioassay (pH: 7)

12.1.2 Invertebrate Toxicity:

Water Flea (ceriodaphnia sp. 0) $LC_{50} = 0.006 \text{ mg/l/24 hr}$

Water Flea (daphnia magna) $LC_{50} = 0.07 - 0.7 \, mg/V24 \, hr$ Water Flea (daphnia magna)

 $LC_{50} = 2.1 \, mg/l/96 \, hr$

Fresh Water Shrimp (gammarus fasciatus)

 $LC_{50} = 0.4 \text{ mg/l/96 hr}$

No common name (nitocra spinipes)

 $LC_{50} = 0.40 \text{ mg/l/96 hr}$

Grass Shrimp (palaemonetes pugio)

 $LC_{50} = 0.52 \, mg/V96 \, hr$

12.2 Persistence:

No data available.

12.3 Environmental Fate:

In fresh water, sodium hypochlorite breaks down rapidly into non-toxic compounds when exposed to sunlight. In seawater, chlorine levels decline

rapidly; however, hypobromite (which is acutely toxic to aquatic organisms) is formed. EPA believes that the risk of acute exposure to aquatic

organisms is sufficiently mitigated by precautionary labeling and National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit requirements.

12.4 **Bioconcentration:** This material is not expected to bioconcentrate in organisms.

12.5 **Biodegradation:** This material is inorganic and not subject to biodegradation.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Do not contaminate food or feed by storage, disposal, or cleaning of equipment. Product or rinsates that cannot be used should be diluted with water before disposal in a sanitary sewer. This product can be neutralized with sodium bisulfite, sodium thiosulfate, sodium sulfite. Do not confuse these products with sulfates or bisulfates. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination system (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not contaminate water containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local, County, State, and Federal regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not regulated by DOT.

Revision Date: 01/01/2015 (Supersedes previous revisions)

		SECTION 15: REGU	JLATOR	Y INFORMATION
15.1	U.S. R	legulations:		
		OSHA HAZCOM (Hazard Communication)		rial is considered hazardous under the Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)
		OSHA PSM (Process Safety Management)	1910.119	
	15.1.3	EPA FIFRA (Federal Insecticide,		No. :10897-108
	15.1.4	Fungicide and Rodenticide Act) EPA TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act)	All compo TSCA 12(ed pesticide under 40 CFR 152.10) nents are listed or exempted. b): This product is not subject to export
	15.1.5	EPA CERCLA (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)		e Quantity (RQ): 45.4 kg (100 lbs) or 185 ased on 6.0% active ingredient).
	15.1.6	EPA RMP (Risk Management Plan)	Not listed	(40 CFR 68.130)
15.2	State	of California Regulations:		
,	15.2.2	California only]: Small quantities impurities, including bromates, in this product. Bromates are derived chloride (table salt) from which of this warning is provided pursual Health and Safety Code, which is chemicals "known to the State to compiled in accordance with the can be obtained on the internet of Hazard Assessment at http://www.CDPR (California Department of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the internet of Police in the can be obtained on the can be obtained o	es – less the nay be four ved from brothlorine is not to Proporequires the cocause care procedure from Califorw.oehha.coesticide Reg	sition 65, Chapter 6.6 of the California a Governor of California to publish a list of ncer or reproductive toxicity." This list is s established under the proposition, and rnia's Office of Environmental Health a.gov. ulation) Registration No: 10897-108- ZA
45.0		CalARP (California Accidental Rel- Program)	ease Prever	ntion Not regulated.
15.3		da Regulations: WHMIS (Workplace Hazardous	01 1	
	15.5.1	Materials Information System)	HealthE - (E - 7Ingred	ication: E (Corrosive Materials) Effects Criteria Met by this Chemical: Corrosive to skin DG class 8 - corrosive substance ent Disclosure List: Included for disclosure or greater.
	15.3.2	DSL (Domestic Substances List)		nents of this product are on the DSL.
15.4		ational Inventory:		production of the order
		AICS (Australian Inventory of Cher Substances)		On inventory or in compliance with inventory.
		KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals		On inventory or in compliance with inventory.
		PICCS (Philippine Inventory of Che and Chemical Substances)		On inventory or in compliance with inventory.
		IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chen Substances in China)	nical	On inventory or in compliance with inventory.
	15.4.5	NZIOC (New Zealand Inventory of Cherticals)	1000,000 (1000,000 (1000)	On inventory or in compliance with inventory.

	SECTION 16: OTH	IER INFORMATION
16.1	HMIS III (Hazardous Materials Identification Sy	ystem):
	16.1.1 HEALTH	2
	16.1.2 FLAMMABILITY	0
	16.1.3 PHYSICAL HAZARD	
	16.1.4 PERSONAL PROTECTION	See Section 8.
16.2	NFPA 704 (National Fire Protection Association	on):
	16.2.1 HEALTH	2
	16.2.2 FLAMMABILITY	0
	16.2.3 INSTABILITY	0
	16.2.4 SPECIAL	None
16.3	International Fire Code / International Building Code:	Irritant.
16.4	ANSI (American National Standards Institute):	
	16.4.1 Hazardous Industrial Chemicals - SDS-Preparation:	Complies with ANSI Z400.1 – 2004.
	16.4.2 Hazardous Industrial Chemicals - Precautionary Labeling:	Complies with ANSI Z129.1 – 2006.

Note: The information contained herein, while not guaranteed, was prepared by competent technical personnel and is true and accurate to the best of our knowledge and belief. NO WARRANTY OR GUARANTEE, express or implied, is made regarding the product performance, product stability, or as to any other condition of use, handling, transportation, and storage. Customer use, handling, transportation, and storage may involve additional safety and/or performance considerations. Our technical personnel will be happy to respond to questions regarding safe handling, storage, transportation, and use procedures. The safe handling, storage, transportation, and use procedures remain the sole responsibility of the customer. No suggestions for handling, storage, transportation, or use are intended as or to be construed as recommendations which may infringe on any existing patents or violate any Federal, State, and/or local law and/or regulation, ordinance, standard, etc. This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by HASA, Inc. staff from test reports and other information available in the public domain.